

MISSING NUMBER

KS1 – 2001 Paper

1.

13

Write the missing number in the box.

$$\square \times 10 = 50$$



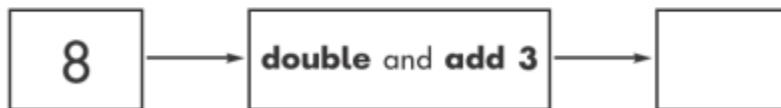
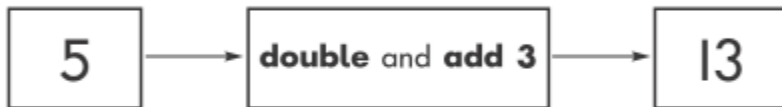
KS1 – 2003 Paper 1

2.

19

Write the missing number.

One is done for you.



KS1 – 2004 Paper 2

3.

9

Write numbers in the boxes to make this correct.

$$350 + \square + \square = 420$$

4.

11

Write the missing number.

$$994 \xrightarrow{10 \text{ more}} \square$$

KS1 – 2009 Paper 1

5.

22

Look at the number sentences.

Use  $46$  and  $54$  each time to make these correct.

$$\boxed{8} + \boxed{\phantom{00}} = \boxed{\phantom{00}}$$

$$\boxed{\phantom{00}} + \boxed{8} = \boxed{\phantom{00}}$$

$$\boxed{\phantom{00}} - \boxed{8} = \boxed{\phantom{00}}$$

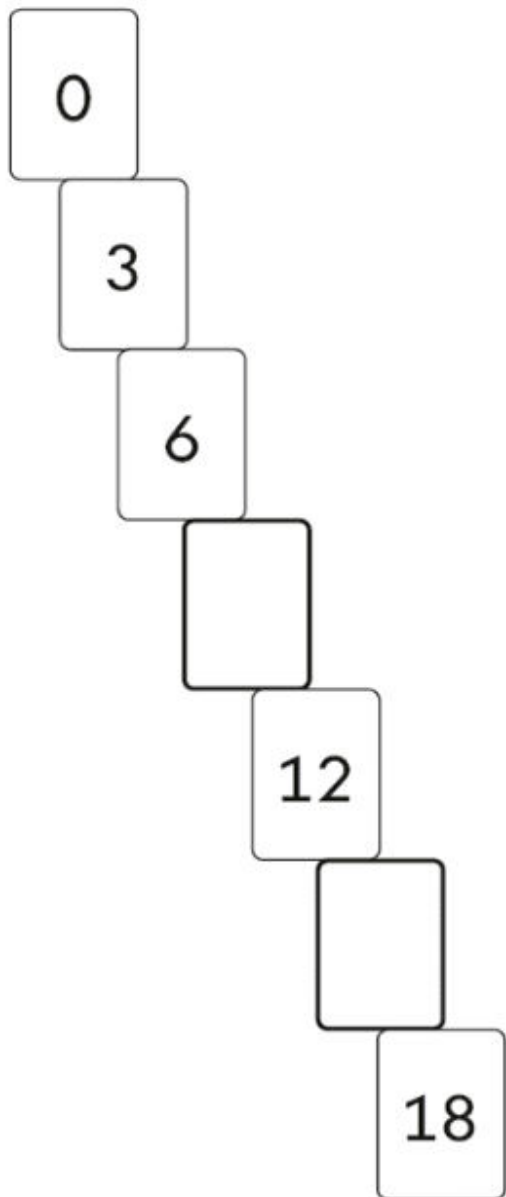
$$\boxed{\phantom{00}} - \boxed{\phantom{00}} = \boxed{8}$$

KS1 – 2016 Paper - Reasoning

6.

10

Write the **two** missing numbers in this pattern.



KS1 – 2017 Paper – Reasoning

7.



- 15 Fill in the missing numbers to make each pair of cards **total 17**  
One pair is done for you.

10	7
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9	
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	6
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8.

- 23 Write the missing number to make this number sentence correct.

$$9 + 7 - \square = 12$$



KS1 – 2018 Paper – Reasoning

9.

- 28 Write the **same** number in both boxes to make the sum correct.

$$\square + \square = 26$$



10.

**31** Write the missing number in the box.

$$13 + 6 = 10 + \square$$



KS1 – 2019 Paper – Reasoning

11.

**12** Write the missing numbers in the sequence.

16	14	12			
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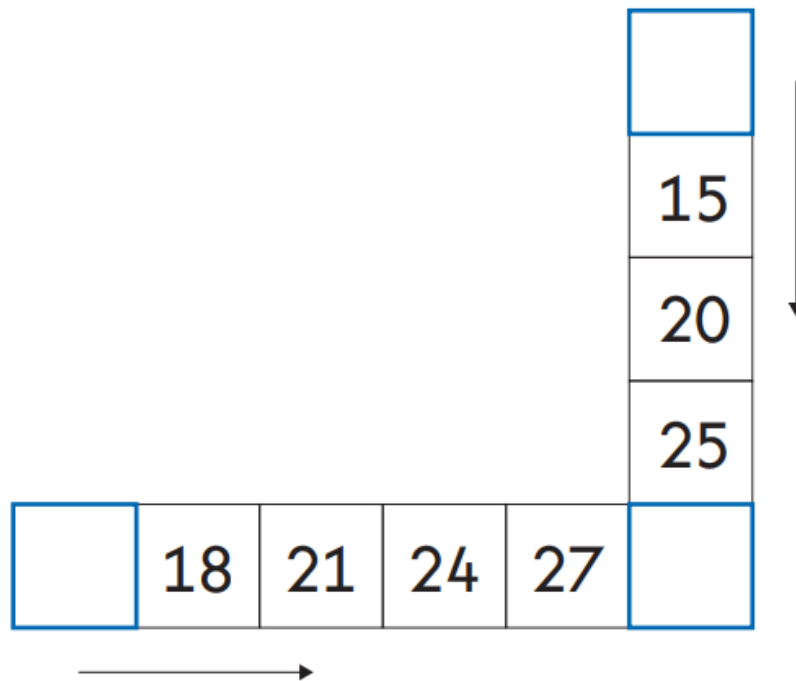
KS1 – 2022 Paper – Reasoning

12.

14 Here are two number patterns.

There are **three** missing numbers.

Write them in the empty boxes.



2 marks

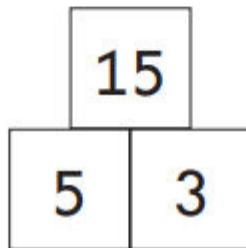
13.

31

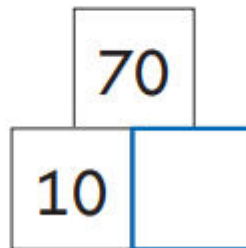
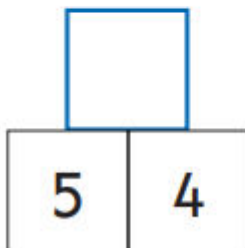
Kemi says,

I **multiply** the  
two numbers on the  
bottom row.

The answer is on  
the top row.



Write the **two** missing numbers below.



2 marks